🕐 Tel: +1-301-363-4651 🛛 Email: cusabio@cusabio.com 🥑 Website: www.cusabio.com 🌘

DAXX Antibody

Product Code	CSB-RA871395A0HU
Abbreviation	Death domain-associated protein 6
Storage	Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.
Uniprot No.	Q9UER7
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human DAXX
Species Reactivity	Human
Tested Applications	ELISA
Relevance	Transcription corepressor known to repress transcriptional potential of several sumoylated transcription factors. Down-regulates basal and activated transcription. Its transcription repressor activity is modulated by recruiting it to subnuclear compartments like the nucleolus or PML/POD/ND10 nuclear bodies through interactions with MCSR1 and PML, respectively. Seems to regulate transcription in PML/POD/ND10 nuclear bodies together with PML and may influence TNFRSF6-dependent apoptosis thereby. Inhibits transcriptional activation of PAX3 and ETS1 through direct protein-protein interactions. Modulates PAX5 activity; the function seems to involve CREBBP. Acts as an adapter protein in a MDM2-DAXX-USP7 complex by regulating the RING-finger E3 ligase MDM2 ubiquitination activity. Under non-stress condition, in association with the deubiquitinating USP7, prevents MDM2 self-ubiquitination and enhances the intrinsic E3 ligase activity of MDM2 towards TP53, thereby promoting TP53 ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation. Upon DNA damage, its association with MDM2 and USP7 is disrupted, resulting in increased MDM2 autoubiquitination and consequently, MDM2 degradation, which leads to TP53 stabilization. Acts as histone chaperone that facilitates deposition of histone H3.3. Acts as targeting component of the chromatin remodeling complex ATRX:DAXX which has ATP-dependent DNA translocase activity of ATRX but alleviates is transcription repression activity. Upon neuronal activation associates with regulatory elements of selected immediate early genes where it promotes deposition of histone H3.3 which may be linked to transcriptional induction of these genes. Required for the recruitment of histone H3.3: H diamits to PML-NBS); the process is independent of ATRX and facilitated by ASF1A; PML-NBs are suggested to function as regulatory sites for the incorporation of newly synthesized histone H3.3 into chromatin. In case of overexpression of centromeric histone variant CENPA (as found in various tumors) is involved in

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block DAXX-mediated apoptosis. In contrast, in lymphoid cells JNC activation and TNFRSF6-mediated apoptosis may not involve DAXX. Shows restriction activity towards human cytomegalovirus (HCMV). Plays a role as a positive regulator of the heat shock transcription factor HSF1 activity during the stress protein response (PubMed:15016915).

Form	Liquid
Conjugate	Non-conjugated
Storage Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Purification Method	Affinity-chromatography
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clonality	Monoclonal
Alias	Death domain-associated protein 6, Daxx, hDaxx, ETS1-associated protein 1, EAP1, Fas death domain-associated protein, DAXX, BING2, DAP6
Immunogen Species	Homo sapiens (Human)
Research Area	Cell Biology
Gene Names	DAXX
Accession NO.	3A2
Description	

Description

CUSABIO cloned DAXX antibody-coding genes into plasma vectors and then transfected these vector clones into mammalian cells using a lipid-based transfection reagent. Following transient expression, the recombinant antibodies against DAXX were harvested and characterized. The recombinant DAXX antibody was purified by affinity-chromatography from the culture medium. It can be used to detect DAXX protein from Human in the ELISA.

DAXX is a multifunctional, widely expressed protein that plays a role in transcriptional control, apoptosis, carcinogenesis, and antiviral defense, among other cellular functions. Depending on the cell type and signaling pathway it regulates, DAXX has different biological functions in the modulation of either pro-apoptosis or anti-apoptosis. It serves as an anti-apoptotic factor by inhibiting the p53 function by stabilizing MDM2 in many cancer cells. DAXX overexpression is frequently seen in various cancers, which is associated with tumorigenesis, disease progression, and treatment resistance.