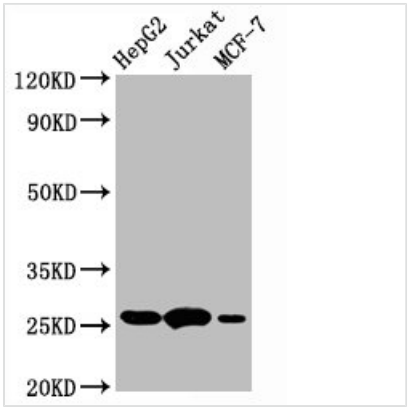
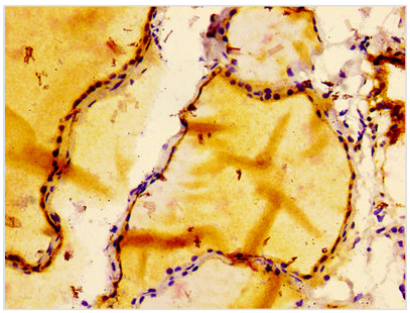
BCL2 Antibody

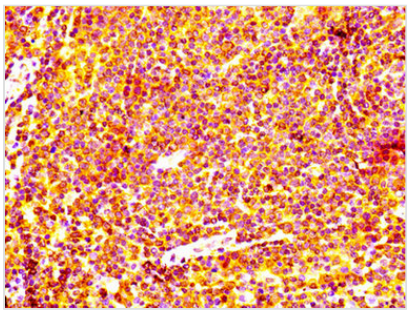
Product Code	CSB-RA002611A0HU
Abbreviation	Apoptosis regulator Bcl-2
Storage	Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.
Uniprot No.	P10415
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide
Species Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Tested Applications	ELISA, WB, IHC, FC; Recommended dilution: WB:1:500-1:5000, IHC:1:50-1:500
Relevance	Suppresses apoptosis in a variety of cell systems including factor-dependent lymphohematopoietic and neural cells. Regulates cell death by controlling the mitochondrial membrane permeability. Appears to function in a feedback loop system with caspases. Inhibits caspase activity either by preventing the release of cytochrome c from the mitochondria and/or by binding to the apoptosis-activating factor (APAF-1). May attenuate inflammation by impairing NLRP1-inflammasome activation, hence CASP1 activation and IL1B release (PubMed:17418785).
Form	Liquid
Conjugate	Non-conjugated
Storage Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Purification Method	Affinity-chromatography
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clonality	Monoclonal
Alias	Apoptosis regulator Bcl-2, BCL2
Immunogen Species	Homo sapiens (Human)
Research Area	Cell Biology
Gene Names	BCL2
Accession NO.	2C6
Image	



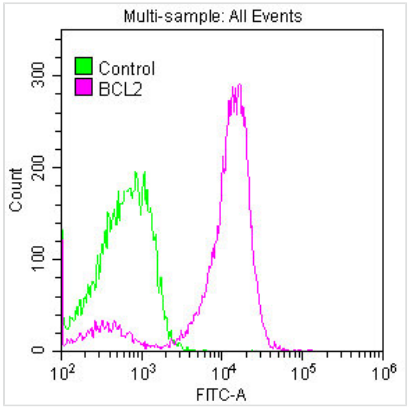
Western Blot
Positive WB detected in:HepG2 whole cell lysate,Jurkat whole cell lysate,MCF-7 whole cell lysate
All lanes:BCL2 antibody at 1μg/ml
Secondary
Goat polyclonal to rabbit IgG at 1/50000 dilution
Predicted band size: 26 KDa
Observed band size: 26 KDa



IHC image of CSB-RA002611A0HU diluted at 1:100 and staining in paraffin-embedded human thyroid tissue performed on a Leica BondTM system. After dewaxing and hydration, antigen retrieval was mediated by high pressure in a citrate buffer (pH 6.0). Section was blocked with 10% normal goat serum 30min at RT. Then primary antibody (1% BSA) was incubated at 4°C overnight. The primary is detected by a biotinylated secondary antibody and visualized using an HRP conjugated SP system.



IHC image of CSB-RA002611A0HU diluted at 1:100 and staining in paraffin-embedded human lymph node tissue performed on a Leica BondTM system. After dewaxing and hydration, antigen retrieval was mediated by high pressure in a citrate buffer (pH 6.0). Section was blocked with 10% normal goat serum 30min at RT. Then primary antibody (1% BSA) was incubated at 4°C overnight. The primary is detected by a biotinylated secondary antibody and visualized using an HRP conjugated SP system.



Overlay histogram showing Jurkat cells stained with CSB-RA002611A0HU (red line) at 1:50. The cells were fixed with 70% Ethylalcohol (18h) and then permeabilized with 0.3% Triton X-100 for 2 min.The cells were then incubated in 1x PBS /10% normal goat serum to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by primary antibody for 1 h at 4°C.The secondary antibody used was FITC goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1/200 dilution for 1 h at 4°C. Control antibody (green line) was used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >10,000 events was performed.

Description

BCL2 monoclonal antibody CSB-RA002611A0HU was produced in the rabbit immunized by using the synthesized peptide as the immunogen. The target protein BCL2 is an integral outer mitochondrial membrane protein that blocks the apoptotic death of some cells such as lymphocytes. This protein can inhibit caspase activity either by preventing the release of cytochrome c from the

mitochondria and/or by binding to the apoptosis-activating factor (APAF-1). Diseases associated with BCL2 include High Grade B-Cell Lymphoma With Myc And/ Or Bcl2 And/Or Bcl6 Rearrangement and Follicular Lymphoma 1.
This BCL2 monoclonal antibody was tested in the ELISA, WB, IHC and FC applications. The non-conjugated IgG got purified by antigen affinity. It reacts with the BCL2 proteins of human or mouse or rat-origin and may be used to detect the endogenous levels of BCL2 protein.