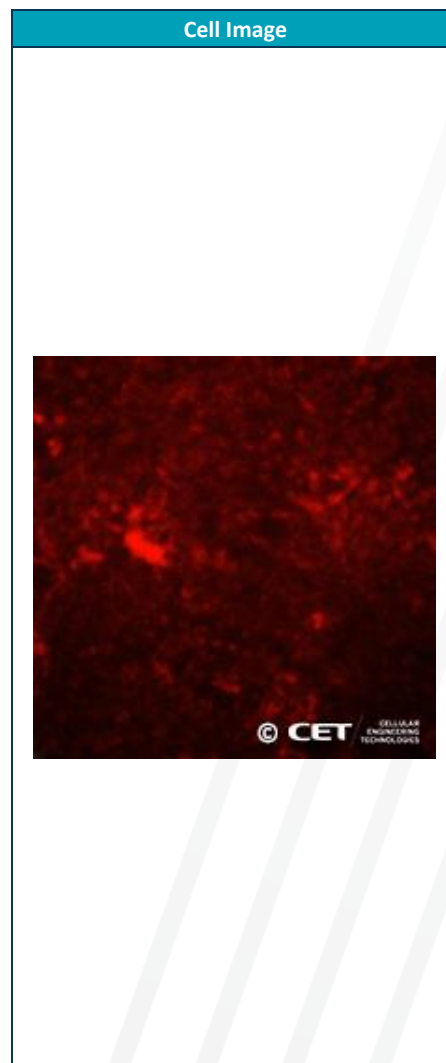


**Product Summary**

**Human Alzheimer's Presenilin-1 Mutation iPSCs**  
 Catalog Number: CR1008-500

| Product Overview    |   |
|---------------------|---|
| <b>Product Name</b> | <b>Human Alzheimer's Presenilin-1 Mutation iPSCs</b>  |
| Catalog #s          | CR1008-500  |
| Quantity            | One vial (approx. 500,000 cells)  |
| Product Form        | Frozen  |
| Cell Type           | Disease Model iPSCs - Alzheimer's Presenilin-1 Mutation   |
| Reagents Needed     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>Antibiotic</b> - Penicillin/Streptomycin/Amphotericin B solution or Penicillin/Streptomycin solution, 100x (not included)<sup>1</sup></li> <li>- <b>Basement membrane matrix</b> suitable for adherent cells – based on customer preference, we recommend using Geltrex™ hESC-Qualified Ready-to-Use, Reduced Growth Factor Basement Membrane Matrix manufactured by Thermo Fisher <a href="#">Cat. A1569601</a>)</li> <li>- 70% isopropanol solution</li> <li>- <b>ROCK Inhibitor</b> Y-27632 (Dihydrochloride) – based on customer preference</li> <li>- <b>Cell disassociation reagent</b> – based on customer preference, we recommend using Gibco™ Versene Solution (<a href="#">Cat. 15040066</a>) or STEMCELL Technologies Gentle Cell Disassociation Reagent (<a href="#">Cat. 100-0485</a>)</li> </ul> |

| Product Description  |
|--|
| <p><b>Human Alzheimer's Presenilin-1 Mutation iPSC Cell Line</b></p> <p>Our Human Alzheimer's Presenilin-1 Mutation iPSC Cell Line carries a mutation in the PSEN1 (Presenilin-1) gene, the most common cause of familial Alzheimer's disease (FAD). Presenilin-1 serves as the catalytic subunit of <math>\gamma</math>-secretase, an essential intramembranous protease responsible for cleaving type 1 transmembrane proteins, including amyloid precursor protein (APP) and Notch. APP processing via <math>\beta</math>-secretase and <math>\gamma</math>-secretase generates <math>\beta</math>-amyloid (A<math>\beta</math>) peptides of different lengths, with A<math>\beta</math>40 making up the majority (~90%). However, researchers believe that the more hydrophobic A<math>\beta</math>42 peptide nucleates A<math>\beta</math> aggregation, contributing to amyloid plaque deposition in Alzheimer's disease brains [1].</p> <p>Our team derived this iPSC line from primary fibroblast cells of a 70-year-old male patient of Caucasian descent, diagnosed with early-onset Alzheimer's disease (EOAD). Using our patented episomal, non-integrating reprogramming method, we have generated a safe, high-fidelity iPSC line with low insertional mutagenesis risk, making it an ideal model for neurodegenerative disease research, drug discovery, and precision medicine applications. We recommend our Human iPSC Growth Media <a href="#">MR1001-K</a> for culturing of these cells.</p> <p>To enhance clinical safety, these cells were reprogrammed without Myc or Lin28 transcription factors, which are linked to neoplastic formation. This approach reduces the oncogenic risk of downstream differentiated neural cells, ensuring higher stability and reproducibility in disease modeling.</p> <p><b>Key Features &amp; Benefits:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Patient-derived iPSC model carrying a PSEN1 mutation, the most common genetic cause of familial Alzheimer's disease (FAD).</li> <li>• Non-integrating episomal reprogramming ensures stable and safe pluripotency induction.</li> <li>• Excludes Myc and Lin28 to minimize oncogenic risk.</li> <li>• Robust neural differentiation capacity, making it suitable for studying <math>\beta</math>-amyloid pathology, tau aggregation, and neurodegenerative processes.</li> <li>• Ideal for drug discovery, high-throughput screening, and personalized medicine research.</li> </ul> <p><b>Specifications:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Source: 70-year-old male patient diagnosed with early-onset Alzheimer's disease (EOAD).</li> <li>• Pluripotency validated via colony morphology, alkaline phosphatase staining, and SSEA-4 expression.</li> <li>• Quality controlled: Free of Mycoplasma and maintains classical iPSC morphology.</li> <li>• Quantity: Vial contains approximately 500,000 cells.</li> </ul> |

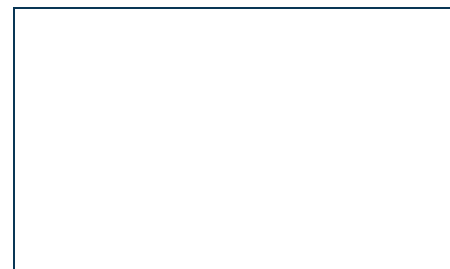


FOR RESEARCH APPLICATIONS ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

- Shipping: Shipped on dry ice for optimal preservation.

This iPSC line is a powerful tool for Alzheimer’s disease research, neurodegenerative disease modeling, and drug screening, providing a patient-relevant platform for understanding PSEN1-driven pathogenesis and amyloid aggregation mechanisms.

Note: This product is designed and tested to function with Cellular Engineering Technologies Inc. (“CET”) product MR1001-K Human iPSC Cell Growth Media (not included). Although investigators are welcome to use this product with other media formulations, CET cannot and will not guarantee this product’s performance. Additionally, such use of third-party media with this product will void CET’s warranty should they not function as indicated. Please refer to CET’s Terms & Conditions, available at [www.cet.bio](http://www.cet.bio).



| Cell Characteristics                      |  |
|---|--|
| Growth Properties                         | Adherent   |
| Donor Age                                 | 70-year-old  |
| Ethnicity                                 | Caucasian  |
| Gender                                    | Male   |
| Gene, Gene Mutation, Chromosomal Location | <i>PSEN1</i> , GC14P071108, (GC14P071108), Chr 14q24.2: 73.14 – 73.22 Mb |

| Media Formulation Instructions (for MR1001-K Human iPSC Growth Media Kit <u>not included</u> ) |  |
|--|--|
| Defrosting the iPSC Growth Supplement  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Defrost the iPSC Growth Supplement at 4°C (the day before the media is prepared) and 5 mL of antibiotic/antimycotic solution (not included) in a 37°C water bath until the ice in the tubes is no longer visible. Never defrost the iPSC Growth Supplement in a 37°C water bath. It is normal for the iPSC Growth Supplement to appear hazy or have suspended solutes. Gently mix by inversion.</li> <li>2. Immediately disinfect the tubes and the bottle containing the iPSC Growth Base Media with 70% isopropanol (not included).</li> </ol>                                       |
| Mixing   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Working in a laminar flow hood, remove 12mL of iPSC Growth Base Media (not included with cells) from the bottle and discard. This and all other procedures must be done in a sterile manner.</li> <li>2. Add the complete contents of the iPSC Growth Supplement to the iPSC Growth Base Media. Add 5mL of the antibiotic/antimycotic solution to the iPSC Growth Base Media<sup>1</sup>.</li> <li>3. Cap the bottle containing the mixed liquid solution and gently swirl a few times. This formulated media is now considered complete media and ready to use with cells.</li> </ol> |

| Cell Thawing and Plating Instructions |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Cell thawing                          | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Before thawing the cells, substrate-coated dishes should be prepared accordingly.</li> <li>2. Thirty (30) minutes before thawing the iPSC cells, the coating solution on the plates must be entirely replaced with complete media (see Media Formulation Instructions) containing five (5) uM ROCK Inhibitor Y-27632 (not included) and equilibrated to room temperature.</li> <li>3. Remove the Human Alzheimer’s Presenilin-1 Mutation iPSC Cells vial from the dry ice or a storage unit.</li> <li>4. Defrost the vial of cells in a 37°C water bath with constant, moderate agitation until ice in the ampoule is barely visible. DO NOT OVERTHAW.</li> <li>5. Immediately disinfect with 70% isopropanol (not included).</li> </ol>   |
| Cell plating                          | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Working in a laminar flow hood, open the vial and transfer the contents to a sterile fifteen (15) mL tube.</li> <li>2. Very slowly, add approximately nine (9) mL of complete media (see Media Formulation Instructions) containing five (5) uM ROCK Inhibitor Y-27632, pre-warmed to 37°C before use.</li> <li>3. Centrifuge suspended cells at 200 x g for 10 minutes.</li> <li>4. Decant the medium and gently resuspend the pellet in 6 mL of complete media containing 5 uM ROCK Inhibitor Y-27632. Do this gently to avoid shearing the colonies.</li> <li>5. Gently pipette the resuspended cells onto the previously coated dishes. One vial of iPSCs contains enough colonies to seed six (6) wells of a standard six (6)-well tissue culture plate or three (3)- one-hundred (100) mm tissue culture dishes.</li> <li>6. Distribute the colonies evenly and gently rock the plate back and forth. Place the dish in an incubator at 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub>, and 95% humidity.</li> <li>7. After 24 hours, aspirate media from the dish and replenish with fresh complete media (WITHOUT 5uM ROCK Inhibitor Y-27632), pre-warmed to 37°C before use.</li> <li>8. Repeat media changes every 24 hours.</li> </ol> |
| Observation and expansion             | <p>– The cells should attach over 24 hours. It is normal for these cells to grow slowly initially for one week after thawing and for some colonies to be shed during media changes.</p>  |

FOR RESEARCH APPLICATIONS ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

|  |   |
|--|---|
|  | - Subculture cells at a 1:6 split ratio using cell disassociation reagent (not included). |
|--|---|

FOR RESEARCH APPLICATIONS ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

3

| Storage and Stability  |   |                                      |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|
|  | Storage Temperature   | Storage Time                         |
| Human Alzheimer's Presenilin-1 Mutation iPSCs<br><a href="#">Cat. CR1008</a>   | Upon arrival, place the cells at a temperature below <b>-130°C</b> , preferably in liquid nitrogen vapor, until ready for use | 12 months                            |
| Human iPSC Growth Media Kit (not included)<br><a href="#">Cat. MR1001-K</a>  |   |                                      |
| iPSC Growth Base Media   | 4°C   | 3 months                             |
| iPSC Growth Supplement   | -20°C   | Not applicable (use entire contents) |
| complete media<br><i>(see Media Formulation Instructions)</i>  | 2-8°C   | Not applicable                       |
| <i>Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles for cells. Avoid repeated exposure to room temperature and light for media.</i> |   |                                      |

<sup>1</sup> These solutions should be portioned in 5mL aliquots, stored at -20°C, and never frozen/thawed. Although antimycotics are unnecessary, CET highly recommends their usage for long-term cell culture. Antibiotics and antimycotics should not be used as an alternative to proper aseptic techniques.